

between the two interpretations of the database populations (syntactic and semantic) is made, and language features to distinguish between the database populations described. Examples of the definition, insertion and manipulation of syntactic objects are given. A brief description is given of the implementation strategy that permits syntactic and semantic manipulations to be combined in a query. The logic database implementation permits the expression and manipulation of incomplete information. Examples are given which show how such information is incorporated in the SQUIRREL language.

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